

**STATE OF MAINE  
SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT**

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER JB-05-05 (A. 08-25)

REVISED FEE SCHEDULE FOR GUARDIANS AD LITEM AND COURT  
APPOINTED WORKERS' COMPENSATION ATTORNEYS IN ALL COURTS

Effective: August 13, 2025

This order amends JB-05-05 (A. 11-21), signed November 19, 2021, and effective November 22, 2021.

The following schedules and administrative procedures are adopted in all courts for all guardians ad litem (GALs) who will be paid by the Judicial Branch and workers' compensation attorneys submitting bills on or after the effective date of this order.<sup>1</sup>

I. HOME COURT

Each rostered GAL shall designate a home court or courts by notifying the Administrative Office of the Courts in writing. Absent unusual circumstances, a rostered GAL shall not be appointed to cases in courts other than a GAL's home court(s). A rostered GAL who will be paid by the Judicial Branch will not be reimbursed for travel time or mileage to or from designated home courts.

II. HOURLY RATE FOR GALs

All GALs paid by the Judicial Branch shall be paid the same hourly rate paid to attorneys appointed to represent parents in child protection proceedings pursuant to 4 M.R.S. § 1556(I). GALs shall prorate all time among multiple cases when such time involves actions in common with other cases (e.g., travel, waiting, and research time). In all cases involving GALs, the courts

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<sup>1</sup> The determination of indigency, the assignment and compensation of all other counsel, and all like matters shall be governed by the provisions of Rule 88 of the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, incorporating by reference Maine Rules of Unified Criminal Procedure 44, 44A, 44B, and 44C.

will make every effort to reduce costs by adopting scheduling practices that limit the number and length of court appearances.

### III. ITEMIZED TIME AND EXPENSE REQUIREMENTS FOR GALs

All invoices for time and expenses must be itemized, as follows:

A. **Itemization of Time.** Time spent shall be outlined in detailed, separately itemized billing statements. Sufficient detail shall be provided to allow the court to gauge the nature of each task and the time spent on that task. GALs will avoid block billing (*i.e.*, the consolidation of more than one task into a time description, with a number of hours billed for the entire block).

B. **Travel Reimbursement.**

1. Mileage will be reimbursed at the applicable State rate. A GAL will not be reimbursed for mileage for travel to or from a GAL's designated home courts.
2. The Chief Judge or designee must approve in writing all out-of-state and overnight travel expenses before the expenses are incurred. Requests for approval for out-of-state or overnight travel must be submitted in the court where the case is pending at least 30 days before the expected departure date absent good cause. The request must be submitted using the court form CV-FM-JV-PB-PC-242. If approved by the Chief Judge or designee, reimbursement for lodging, meals, and incidentals will be at the rates established by the U.S. General Services Administration.<sup>2</sup> A GAL will not be reimbursed for more than 8 hours of time per day absent good cause. Use of the telephone, video

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<sup>2</sup> <https://www.gsa.gov/travel/plan-book/per-diem-rates>

equipment, and e-mail in lieu of travel is encouraged as appropriate.

- C. **Routine Office Expenses.** Routine office expenses are included in the hourly rate and will not be reimbursed. Routine office expenses include, but are not limited to, charges for postage, telephone, cell telephone, fax, office overhead, utilities, secretarial services, routine copying, parking, and office supplies.
- D. **Nonroutine Expenses.** Nonroutine expenses that total less than \$100, such as the actual cost of reasonable long-distance calls (if billed by a telephone carrier), collect telephone calls, tolls, and fees paid to third parties such as witnesses, subpoena and service fees, may be reimbursed without pre-approval by the court. Fees for service of process by persons other than the sheriff shall not exceed those allowed by 30-A M.R.S. § 421. For extraordinary expenses (more than \$100), see subsection III(E).
- E. **Third Party or Extraordinary Expenses.** Pre-approval by the court is required for payment to third parties (e.g., investigators, medical and psychological experts, testing, transcripts, depositions, interpreters) or extraordinary (more than \$100) expenses. Funds for third-party services and extraordinary expenses will be pre-approved by the court only upon (1) written motion; (2) a sufficient demonstration of reasonableness, relevancy, and need; and (3) a demonstration that the third-party or extraordinary expense is not one that is usually the responsibility of the State or counsel for one of the parties.
  - 1. If the court approves fees for third party services, the GAL is responsible for the following:
    - a. Providing the service provider with clear instructions as to the service provider's responsibilities;
    - b. Notifying the service provider that there is a limit on the amount of funds approved and that the court will

not approve payment of any charges in excess of the approved amount;

- c. Notifying the service provider that the arrangement for services is between the GAL and the service provider; the service provider is not authorized to act as an agent of the court; and any agreement with the GAL is not to be construed as an appointment by the court or endorsement of services; and
  - d. Forwarding any statement for services to the clerk for processing and payment. The GAL shall include the following documents: (1) a cover letter that indicates whether the services were satisfactory, whether applicable reports and information were received, and, if the statement is for interpreter services, indicates the language interpreted; (2) a copy of the order granting pre-approval for third party funds; and (3) the third-party service provider's statement for services.<sup>3</sup>
2. The court may set a maximum fee and an hourly rate for a service provider. Amounts approved by the court are deemed to include reasonable expenses, including but not limited to, office and out-of-pocket expenses, mileage, travel time, preparation of reports, and appearances at court.

#### IV. MAXIMUM HOURS

Invoices submitted for time greater than the applicable maximum total hours will not be approved for payment except as approved by the Chief Judge of the District Court or designee.

GALs shall be reimbursed only for activities authorized by the GAL's order of appointment, court rule, or subsequent orders of the court.

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<sup>3</sup> The statement must be made billable to the State of Maine and include the service provider's vendor code. If the service provider does not have a vendor code, the service provider should visit <https://www.maine.gov/osc/forms> to access the vendor activation form and instructions.

A GAL must obtain prior court approval to be paid for time exceeding the allowable or court ordered maximum hours.

**A. Child Protection Cases**

1. A GAL will be reimbursed a maximum of 15 hours for each legal stage<sup>4</sup> of a child protection case, except as provided in subsections 2 through 4. As part of the dismissal legal stage, a GAL may seek reimbursement for up to one hour for attendance at an uncontested adoption hearing, plus travel time and mileage as allowed under section III(D) of this order.
2. For a summary preliminary hearing, the GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of 10 hours. At times, a request for a preliminary child protection order is not filed immediately after a petition for child protection order. When this happens, the GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of additional 10 hours for the legal stage that is currently pending. For example, if a case is in a judicial review stage (15 hours) and a request for a preliminary child protection order is filed, then the GAL may submit a voucher at the end of the judicial review stage up to a maximum of 25 hours.
3. For a jeopardy hearing, the GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of 20 hours.

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<sup>4</sup> The following are "legal stages" of a child protection case:

- (a) after the court appearance for a summary preliminary hearing, jeopardy hearing, judicial review and/or permanency hearing, cease reunification contested hearing, termination of parental rights hearing, contested permanency guardianship, or contested child placement hearing;
- (b) after the entry of an order of dismissal of child protection action when the dismissal does not coincide with a legal stage listed in section a; and
- (c) upon the court's release of a GAL from an order of appointment when the release does not coincide with a legal stage listed in sections a or b.

4. For a termination of parental rights hearing, the GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of 20 hours.
5. When a court appearance concludes more than one legal stage, the GAL may bill only for the legal stage with the higher hourly cap—not the combined.
6. A child protection voucher that exceeds the cap by any amount without prior approval from the trial judge will not be paid to the extent that it exceeds the caps set above.
7. When the GAL submits a voucher for a given legal stage, the GAL shall include the time from the end of the last completed legal stage to the completion of the legal stage for which the voucher is being submitted.
8. Vouchers for Law Court appeals are governed by section IV(C).

**B. Other Case Types**

In all cases other than child protection matters in which the court appoints a GAL, the order of appointment shall cap the maximum number of hours for which a GAL may be reimbursed, without prior approval, at 20 hours. GALs appointed to multiple juvenile docket numbers related to the same youth may be reimbursed, without prior approval, for up to 20 hours for all the related juvenile cases (not 20 hours for each docket number).

**C. Appeals to the Maine Supreme Judicial Court (Law Court).**

1. Appeals by Court-Appointed GALs
  - a. The Law Court will not pay fees to a GAL for work performed on an appeal, whether commenced by the GAL or another party, unless, within fourteen days

after the Clerk of the Law Court issues the docketing notice, the GAL files with the Law Court a motion for pre-approval of GAL fees. The Court will grant the motion only if the appeal raises a meritorious issue and no other party could adequately present the GAL's position to the Court.

- b. For an appeal for which the GAL has obtained pre-approval for fees, the Law Court will set a fee consistent with the hourly rate paid to lawyers through MCILS for no more than nine hours of work on the appeal unless the GAL files, within twenty-one days after the date the appellee's brief is filed or due to be filed, an itemized statement of the time the GAL expended on the appeal. If the GAL timely files the itemized statement, the Court will set a fee at a rate consistent with the hourly rate paid to lawyers through MCILS for any time reasonably expended.

## 2. Appeals by Workers' Compensation Attorneys

- a. For cases in which the date of injury is prior to June 5, 1985, the Court will award a standard fee of \$750 and reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.
- b. For cases subject to the "prevail rule" which was in effect from June 5, 1985, through December 31, 1992, counsel must file an itemized statement with the Court within twenty days of the final disposition of the appeal.
- c. For cases arising pursuant to Title 39-A (which became effective on January 1, 1993), the Court will not award any counsel fees.
- d. Workers' Compensation Attorney Vouchers must be submitted within thirty days after final disposition.

Vouchers submitted after the thirty-day period will not be paid.

## V. ADMINISTRATION OF PAYMENT

A. A GAL must submit all invoices to the court of disposition using the current court-approved voucher form (PC/FM/CV/JV-024) and must comply with all instructions on the form, including instructions regarding required attachments. Vouchers must be submitted electronically as follows:

1. **Courts that have implemented Maine eCourts.** In all courts that have implemented Maine eCourts, GALs must submit GAL vouchers with supporting documents to the court using eFileMaine and as further outlined below.

a. For purposes of M.R.E.C.S. 34(A)(2), the GAL must upload **one PDF file** that may include only the following: (1) a cover letter (optional), (2) the two-page court approved voucher form (CV-FM-JV-PC-024), (3) the itemized billing statement, and (4) any other supporting documentation required by the voucher form (for example, an order allowing the GAL to exceed the presumptive caps).

b. The PDF file must be named as follows:

i. Full docket number;

ii. Case name, using only the first full name and last name initial. If the case title includes more than one child, the case name, for purposes of submission, must be limited to the full first name and last name initial of the child listed first in the caption of the case; and

iii. The words "GAL Voucher."

Some examples of the naming convention are: "YORDC-PC-2021-12345 In re. Pat S. GAL Voucher;" and "AUGDC-FM-2020-12345 Pat S. v. Taylor S. GAL Voucher."

- c. A GAL must sign a voucher prior to submission pursuant to M.R.E.C.S. 37.
- d. All other requirements in the M.R.E.C.S. apply to GAL voucher submissions.
- e. GALs experiencing any technical issues with eFileMaine should not contact the clerk, and should instead email [ecourtshelp@courts.maine.gov](mailto:ecourtshelp@courts.maine.gov).

2. **Courts that have not implemented Maine eCourts.** In all courts that have not implemented Maine eCourts, GALs must submit GAL vouchers with required attachments to the court using ShareFile. ShareFile is a proprietary online platform created by Citrix™ whereby documents can be uploaded by one party in one location and downloaded by a second party in a second location. The courts will use this platform for submission of GAL vouchers to the court. Failure to adhere to the following process may result in rejection of the GAL voucher by the court and a request for resubmission.

- a. The GAL must upload **one PDF file** that may include only the following: (1) a cover letter (optional), (2) the two-page court approved voucher form (CV-FM-JV-PC-024), (3) the itemized billing statement, and (4) any other supporting documentation required by the voucher form (for example, an order allowing the GAL to exceed the presumptive caps).
- b. To protect confidentiality, documents must not be uploaded in "folder" format, as folders are viewable by all ShareFile users.

- c. The date of submission will be the date that the GAL voucher is uploaded to ShareFile.
- d. ShareFile may not be used for corresponding with the clerk's office in any other fashion.
- e. ShareFile may not be used to upload any documents other than the documents outlined above in Section V(A)(2)(a). The clerk will reject any ShareFile uploads that contain documents other than those specifically allowed by this Administrative Order. For example, motions for prior approval to exceed a legal stage cap or for out-of-state or overnight travel must not be included in the ShareFile submission and must be conventionally filed.
- f. The GAL voucher may be hand signed, or an electronic signature may be used, including /s/. All such signatures certify that the GAL has reviewed the submission and that it is being submitted in good faith.
- g. The file submission to be uploaded to ShareFile must be named as follows:
- h. Full docket number;
  - i. Case name, using only the first full name and last name initial. If the case title includes more than one child, the case name, for purposes of submission, must be limited to the full first name and last name initial of the child listed first in the caption of the case; and
  - ii. The words "GAL Voucher."

Some examples of the naming convention are: “YORDC-PC-2021-12345 In re. Pat S. GAL Voucher;” and “AUGDC-FM-2020-12345 Pat S. v. Taylor S. GAL Voucher.”

- i. GALs experiencing any technical issues with ShareFile should not contact the clerk, and should instead email galvouchers@courts.maine.gov.
  3. Submission of a GAL voucher using ShareFile or eFileMaine is not a guarantee that it is submitted correctly, nor is it a guarantee that it will be accepted by the court. ShareFile and eFileMaine are simply conduits by which filings are submitted to the court in lieu of using the U.S. Postal Service.
  4. If the filing has not been submitted properly, the court will reject it and notify the GAL.
- B. A GAL shall not send vouchers or other billing-related correspondence directly to the Chief Judge of the District Court or designee.
- C. A GAL shall include only one docket number per court-approved voucher form, even if there is a companion case, with the exception of juvenile matters.<sup>5</sup> Work done on companion cases must be prorated between or among the cases.
- D. All expenses claimed for reimbursement must be fully itemized and submitted with the required invoice or voucher.
- E. All vouchers must be submitted to the court where the case is pending within 90 days after (1) the completion of each legal stage in a child protection case, (2) the issuance of a Law Court decision on appeal, or (3) the conclusion of the GAL’s appointment. An invoice submitted after the pertinent deadline will not be paid.

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<sup>5</sup> Oftentimes juvenile matters include several docket numbers. For billing purposes, a GAL must include all the juvenile docket numbers on one voucher. A GAL is not permitted to submit a voucher for each juvenile docket number.

- F. The clerk of court or designee will review and approve vouchers that are submitted in compliance with this Order. Vouchers that do not comply with this Order may be rejected or reviewed by the Chief Judge or designee for further action.
- G. Requests for fees for appeals to the Law Court shall be submitted to the Clerk of the Law Court.
- H. Copies of receipts for payments to third parties must be fully itemized and submitted with the required invoice or voucher.
- I. GALs inquiring about the status of payment of a GAL voucher should email galvouchers@courts.maine.gov.

The Chief Justice of the Superior Court and the Chief Judge of the District Court are hereby authorized to establish such procedures as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this order.

For the Court,  
  
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Valerie Stanfill, Chief Justice  
Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Promulgation Date: July 23, 2025

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Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers' Compensation Attorneys in All Courts

AO JB-05-05 (A. 08-25), dated July 23, 2025, effective August 13, 2025  
Signed By: Valerie Stanfill, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Section III(B) is amended to provide more guidance regarding the process and limitations that apply to requests for reimbursement of out-of-state and overnight travel expenses.

Section III(E)(1)(d) is amended to specify the documents that a GAL must be submit to the clerk for processing and payment if the court approves fees for third party services.

Section IV(A)(2) is amended to specify that when a request for preliminary protection order is not filed at the commencement of the child protection action, and instead filed later, then a GAL may add up to 10 hours to the current legal stage's cap.

Section V(A) is amended to require electronic submission of GAL vouchers and outlines the specific processes that must be followed.

Section V(C) is amended to allow vouchers for services performed for juvenile matters to include companion docket numbers.

Section V(D) is removed and replaced by V(F) to specify that the clerk or designee is the person who review and approves all vouchers that are submitted in compliance with this Order. Vouchers that do not comply with this Order may be rejected or reviewed by the Chief Judge or designee for further action.

Section V(I) is added to indicate that GALs inquiring about the status of payment of a GAL voucher should email [galvouchers@courts.maine.gov](mailto:galvouchers@courts.maine.gov).

### **Historical Derivation of JB-05-05**

AO JB-05-05 (A. 11-21), dated November 19, 2021, effective November 22, 2021

Signed By: Valerie Stanfill, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

The second paragraph of the Order is amended to clarify that a "court-appointed" GAL is one whose costs are paid for by the Judicial Branch. Sections I and II are amended in the same way.

Section III(C) and (E) are amended to clarify that nonroutine expenses of a GAL under \$100 do not require pre-approval by the court. Section III(E)(1) is also amended to omit gender-based language.

Section IV is amended to reorganize for clarity and includes a new section IV(A)(7), which clarifies that when a GAL submits a voucher for a given legal stage, the voucher shall include the time from the end of the last completed legal stage to the completion of the legal stage for which the voucher is being submitted. To illustrate, if a GAL attends a case management conference on August 1st and a judicial review on August 15th, the judicial review legal stage shall encompass the case management conference on August 1st. New section IV(A)(8) clarifies that GAL vouchers for Law Court appeals shall be governed by section IV(C). Section IV(B) now requires that a GAL appointment order cap the maximum number of hours for which a GAL may be reimbursed, without prior approval, at 20 hours in all cases that are not child protection matters.

Section V(A) is amended to clarify that GALs are required to submit original voucher forms with wet-ink signatures to the court of disposition.

New section V(B) clarifies that vouchers or billing-related correspondence shall not be sent to the Chief Judge of the District Court or designee directly. Because the Administrative Office of the Courts has processes in place for the review of GAL vouchers, sending correspondence directly to the Chief Judge or designee causes significant delays in the payment of the voucher.

New section V(C) clarifies that a GAL shall include only one docket number per court-approved voucher form, even if there is a companion case. To illustrate, if a GAL is appointed to two pending child protection matters, with an overlapping party or parties, the GAL must submit separate vouchers for each case. Furthermore, section V(C) requires work done on companion cases to be pro-rated between or among the cases.

Lastly, section V(F) amends the language of the Administrative Order to clarify the dates by which all GAL vouchers must be submitted for reimbursement. The additional language captures all case types outlined in section IV.

Nonsubstantive amendments for internal consistency have also been made.

Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers' Compensation Attorneys in All Courts

AO JB-05-5 (A. 7-20), dated July 30, 2020, effective July 30, 2020

Signed By: Andrew M. Mead, Acting Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Issued to amend section IV(B) to add, in what is now section b of footnote 2, dismissal of a child protection action as a legal stage for which a GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of 15 hours. Unlike the legal stages listed in section a of footnote 2, the dismissal legal stage ends after the issuance of the court's order of dismissal, rather than after the court appearance for the dismissal. This distinction recognizes that the court may not always schedule a hearing before dismissal of a case (for example, when the court dismisses a child protection case after entry of an order of parental rights and responsibilities). This revision is also issued to add, in what is now section c of footnote 2, the court's release of a GAL from an order of appointment as a legal stage for which a GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of 15 hours.

This revision also specifies in section IV(B)(1) that a GAL may seek reimbursement for up to one hour for attendance at an uncontested adoption hearing, plus travel time and mileage subject to the limitations in section III(D).

In new section IV(C), this revision specifies that when a court appearance concludes more than one legal stage, a GAL may bill only for the legal stage with the higher hourly cap. For example, if the court appearance involves both a judicial review and a termination of a parental rights hearing, a GAL may bill up to 20 hours for the termination of parental rights legal stage—not 35 hours for both the termination of parental rights and judicial review legal stages.

Finally, section V is amended to remove the requirement that a judge and the Chief Judge review a voucher that does not exceed the maximum hours allowed under sections IV(B) and IV(C) or a court order, and that does not exceed \$125 in expenses.

Other revisions include an updated reference in footnote 1 to the Maine Rules of *Unified Criminal Procedure*, the removal of gender binary language, a change of tense in footnote 3, and the renumbering of listed items in connection with the amendments summarized above.

#### Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers' Compensation Attorneys in All Courts

AO JB-05-5 (A. 9-19), dated July 11, 2019, effective September 1, 2019

As indicated in footnote 2 to this Administrative Order, child protective cases are divided into seven legal stages for purposes of guardian ad litem payment: (1) summary preliminary hearing, (2) jeopardy hearing, (3) judicial review and/or permanency hearing, (4) cease reunification contested hearing, (5) termination of parental rights hearing, (6) contested permanency guardianship, and (7) contested child placement hearing. Before this amendment, absent approval of the court, guardians ad litem could bill a maximum of 15 hours per legal stage, except for a contested termination of parental rights, which was capped at 21 hours. In response to feedback from guardians ad litem at the annual child protective conference requesting an increase in the maximum hours per legal stage, the Family Division evaluated the hourly caps to determine whether an increase or reallocation was warranted. In state fiscal year 2018, only 12% of the 3,900 vouchers submitted to the Judicial Branch for payment went over the prescribed hourly cap per stage. On average, guardians ad litem billed the most hours for the stages corresponding to jeopardy and termination of parental rights, and the fewest hours for summary preliminary hearings. Because no report is required at this legal stage, guardians often billed fewer than 15 hours. After the summary preliminary hearing, however, guardians ad litem are required to conduct independent investigations and prepare reports to be used at the time of the jeopardy hearing, held approximately 106-113 days after the summary preliminary hearing. Obviously, these investigations and reports generate larger bills.

Because the percentage of vouchers exceeding the maximum total hours is relatively low, the amendment does not call for an across-the-board increase in the maximum hours for each legal stage. Instead, as amended, part IV(B)(1)(a)-(c) of the Administrative Order reallocates 5 hours from the summary preliminary hearing to the jeopardy phase, thereby decreasing the cap to 10 hours for the summary preliminary hearing and increasing it to 20 hours for the jeopardy hearing.

Additionally, part IV(B)(1)(d) of the amended Administrative Order changes the maximum hours to be billed for the termination of parental rights stage. Before the amendment, guardians could bill 21 hours if the termination of parental rights hearing was contested but only 15 if it was uncontested. Guardians ad litem have indicated that this contested/uncontested dichotomy in billing does not reflect actual practice because many parents decide to consent to the termination of their parental rights the day of the hearing, after the GAL has already prepared for the trial. To address actual practice, the amended

Administrative Order changes the maximum hours in termination of parental rights hearings to 20, whether contested or not.

Finally, the reference to repealed Title 18-A was changed to Title 18-C, which takes effect on September 1, 2019. *See* 18-C M.R.S. § 8-301; P.L. 2019, ch. 417, §§ A-103, B-14.

Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers' Compensation Attorneys in All Courts

AO JB-05-5 (A. 10-17), dated September 7, 2017, effective October 1, 2017

Signed By: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Issued to clarify language throughout and to (1) add a new section III(A) regarding the itemization of time; (2) state in section III(E) that a GAL shall not request services from or advance funds for any investigator or other service provider without pre-approval from the court, omitting former section III(E)(1)(a) as duplicative and making former subdivisions (b) through (e) new subdivisions (a) through (d); (3) amend section IV(B)(2) to provide that a child protection voucher exceeding the cap by more than five hours without approval by the trial judge will not be paid above that cap; (4) amend section IV(E)(1)(b) to change the rate of \$60 per hour to a rate "consistent with the hourly rate paid to lawyers through MCILS"; (5) provide the form number for the court-approved voucher form in section V(A); (5) move the requirement of itemization of expenses claimed for reimbursement from section V(F) to section V(B); (6) omit the requirement in section V of billing in 0.1-hour increments; (7) provide in section V for requests for fees for appeals to the Law Court to be submitted to the Clerk of the Law Court instead of a Justice of the Law Court; (8) convert subdivision V(G) into a freestanding paragraph in section V.

Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers' Compensation Attorneys in All Courts

AO JB-05-5 (A. 7-16.2), dated January 6, 2017, effective July 29, 2016

Signed By: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Issued to update the schedule in light of the Act to Ensure a Continuing Home Court for Cases Involving Children, P.L. 2015, ch. 460 (effective July 29, 2016). Specifically, issued to add section IV(A)(2) to require a GAL to obtain prior court approval to be paid for time exceeding the allowable or court ordered maximum hours in all cases in the District Court; to add heading IV(B) for child protection cases in the District Court; to add provisions specific to guardianship of a minor cases and other case types in the District Court in section IV(C) and (D); and to improve clarity regarding the increments used for billing in section V(C).

Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers' Compensation Attorneys in All Courts

AO JB-05-5 (A. 7-16), dated July 1, 2016, effective July 1, 2016

Signed By: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Issued to improve organization throughout; to employ the shorthand "GAL" instead of "guardian" throughout; to identify the Administrative Office of the Courts as the entity to notify of any home court designation(s); to refer to "rostered" GALs in section I; to change the hourly rate for court appointed GALs to correspond with the hourly rate established for

attorneys appointed to represent parents in child protection proceedings; to specify that when a GAL is assigned, the court will make every effort to reduce costs by scheduling cases to limit the number and length of court appearances; to clarify the distinctions between routine, non-routine, and third-party or extraordinary (more than \$100) expenses; to specify that the Chief Judge or designee must approve in writing all out-of-state travel prior to the expense being incurred; to remove references to responsibilities that are now governed by the Maine Rules for Guardians Ad Litem; to specify that for each “legal stage ” of a child protection case, except a contested termination of parental rights hearing, the GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of 15 hours, with additional hours requiring prior court approval; to define “legal stage”; to specify that for a contested hearing on a petition for termination of parental rights the GAL may be reimbursed up to a maximum of 21 hours, with additional hours requiring prior court approval; and to provide that a child protection voucher that exceeds the established cap by more than five hours without prior court approval will not, absent extraordinary circumstances, be paid to the extent that it exceeds the cap.

Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers’ Compensation Attorneys in All Courts  
AO JB-05-5 (A. 9-11), dated and effective September 19, 2011  
Signed By: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Revised Fee Schedule for Guardians Ad Litem and Court Appointed Workers’ Compensation Attorneys in All Courts  
AO JB-05-5 (A. 8-10), dated July 21, 2010, effective August 1, 2010  
Signed By: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Revised Fee Schedule for Court-Appointed Counsel and Guardians Ad Litem in All Courts  
AO JB-05-5 (A. 7-08), dated June 27, 2008, effective July 1, 2008  
Signed by: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Revised Fee Schedule for Court-Appointed Counsel and Guardians Ad Litem in All Courts  
AO JB-05-5 (A. 1-07), dated January 22, 2007, effective January 1, 2007  
Signed by: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Fee Schedule for Court-Appointed Counsel and Guardians Ad Litem in All Courts  
AO JB-05-5 (A. 4-06), dated April 13, 2006, effective April 14, 2006  
Signed by: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Fee Schedule for Court-Appointed Counsel and Guardians Ad Litem in All Courts  
AO JB-05-5 (A. 1-06), dated December 19, 2005, effective January 1, 2006  
Signed by: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Fee Schedule for Court-Appointed Counsel and Guardians Ad Litem in All Courts  
AO JB-05-5, dated June 29, 2005, effective January 1, 2006  
Signed by: Leigh I. Saufley, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court

Fee Schedule for Court-Appointed Counsel in All Courts

AO JB-00-01, dated June 5, 2000 (which replaced SJC-226, SJC-318, and SJC-406)

Signed by: Daniel E. Wathen, Chief Justice, Maine Supreme Judicial Court; Andrew M. Mead, Chief Justice, Maine Superior Court; and Michael N. Westcott, Chief Judge, Maine District Court

ADDENDUM TO ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER SJC-226/318/406 Effective: July 1, 2000